

Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us? With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us

#### The Wisconsin Second in the Battle

- We consider the letter of George Wilkes to his Spirit of the Times, the clearest and most graphic account of the battle at Bull's Run, which has yet been published. It gives a picture of the engagement, from first to last, moving before the mind like a panorama. All the regiments of the army who participated in the battle or the retreat are noticed, their movements described in connection with their proper brigades, and appropriate credit given to each. We believe it to be the fairest, plainest and most truthful statement of the affair, which has yet been given to the public, and we would like to publish it in full, but its extreme fangth forbids.

Nearly all the descriptions of the battle, written for the eastern papers, ignore the existence of the Wisconsin troops entirely, but Mr. Wilkes tells us what they did, and how bravely and stanchly they did their duty, in the bloody fight.

As we all know the army was divided into three columns-the right, left and center-the right under Hunter, and the center under Tyler doing most of the fighting. The Wisconsin troops belonged to the center, which made the main attack. Their place in the column was on the right in Sherman's brigade. The center division made the first attack, and as it did so the Sherman brigade separated from the remainder of the division and went upon an errand of its own. As it did so, Mr. Wilkes says, "they were saluted with fearful showers of shot and shell; but receiving it only as a provocation, they overran two or three earthworks, with their headlong charges, the Irishmen (69th) and Highlanders (79th) screaming with excitement all the while, and the stout Wisconsonians and the brave New York 13th silently marching by their sides."

The center and the right wing of our army having united, the 71st New York regiment, belonging to the latter retired a few moments to rest. While the 71st was thus refreshing themselves, says Mr. Wilkes, "the 69th, which, with the Scotch regiment, the Wisconsin men and the New York 13th, had been wading through batteries since their arrival on the field, marched past in splendid order, their banners flying as if upon review, and their faces sternly set on the advance. They passed down the hill obliquely to the right, on their road to support Griffin's battery, which was within two hundred yards of the artillery of the foe. in constant receipt of the effect of their fire Though silent as they passed, a shout arose on our troops, by couriers who were going in a few seconds afterward from the direct to Gen. McDowell and Schenck, up to four tion they had taken, which every listener o'clock, at which time we were shelled out could mark for theirs." "The Sherman of our position and forced to an inglorious brigade," continues Mr. Wilkes, "having thus worked its way deep into the enemy's posi- time the victory was unmistakably ours, tion, no part of it doing better service than the second Wisconsin, and the staunch 13th. Wherever they, or any of them had met the foe on foot, they had hurled him back, and driven him headlong to his cover with disgrace. Indeed, this superior prowess of the Northern rank and file was the feature of the day, and in no portion of the field, and | tory. At this time a battery of five pieces, under no circumstances, could their exposed and unsupported infantry stand five minutes against the dash and hardihood of

· Upon the assault of the enemy, just previous to the appearance of their reserve, when the whole army fell back, Mr. Wilkes says that the Sherman brigade, astounded by the "new assault, was forced to retire from the position it had occupied; but it retreated in good style, and being now entirely without orders, began to march off toward the rear." But it seems that our Wisconsin boys did not follow the fortunes of its brigade, but being without orders, and having heard a victory proclaimed by Gen. McDowell, thought best to remain longer on the field. Mr. Wilkes says, under these circumstances, "the staunch Rhode Islandtheir feet," and they were among the last to | This opened the way for me and several leave the battle ground.

We needed not this account to satisfy us that our noble regiment did its whole duty; its list of killed and wounded, as large as any other save two, tells the story. No regiment did better service, more freely exposed itself, acted with more coolness and bravery, and when forced to retreat, did so On looking back from Centreville the ground with not in better order, than the second Wisconsin

volunteers. IMPORTANT FROM WESTERN VIRGINIA .-Gen. Cox, the commander of the federal forces in the Kenawha valley has driven Gen. Wise from his position, captured a thousand stand of arms and a large amount of gun powder. The enemy's force was 5,000 or 6,000. Gen. Cox was at Gauley Bridge on the 29th, which is within ten miles of the termination of a railroad which leads to Staunton, connecting with Richmond. It is feared that Cox may be lead too far in this direction, as the enemy could concentrate a large force there, very easily from East Virginia, and probably have done so before this time under Gen. Lee.

In the revolution, New Jersey's quota of proops was 11,396, but she sent 16,783.

Correspondence of the Daily Gazette. Another Account of the Battle.

MESSES. EDITORS:-The following is the main body of a letter just received by the family of my uncle, which I copy and send you. As it deeply interested me I think it may interest your renders, and send it on. Respectfully yours,

E. J. GOODSPEED.

WILLARD'S HOTEL, WASHINGTON, July 21th, 1861. My DEAR Son:-[Here follows a description of the appearance of our army in their entrenchments and of the general confidence of the troops that victory would be

. Centreville is within one mile of the first pattle ground. The enemy held the ground and were encamped on the other side of fiscated whenever found. Bull's Run; ranging over an extent of about five miles. Centerville being a little employed in promoting insurrection, or refront, with a glass I could distinctly see their several engampments on the slopes of range of the blue mountains of Virginia, stretching each way as far as the eye could

morrow most exciting. The certainty that AN ACT to confiscate property used for in with Gen. McCillan. hundreds of the brave boys of the magnificent army encamped around me, were building their last camp fires, and that anxious friends whom they had left and who were doubtless then praying for their safety in the coming fight, would be stricken with 14th of Brooklyn in the tent of their brave and lamented Col. Wood. I was recognized by several of the boys of the 14th. By two clock Sunday morning every regiment was ready for the march, each with two days raions in their haversacks. By three they began to move from about two miles this remained in Centerville and saw every regcertain of victory. I shook hands with many of them, and with Edward Appleton of the Vermont 2d, for the last time. His head was shot off before noon. He was from Bennington.

From the hills about Centreville, we had view of the whole extent of the distant battle field, though the clumps of forest hid the combatants from our view. The smoke however from the cannonading told us of the nositions of the contending forces; and the Attorney General, or any district attorthe thick and lengthy clouds of dust away in the distance told us of the rapid approach of reinforcements to the enemy, and of the combination of the several divisions of our own forces. About 11 o'clock the cannonading seemed to be most fearful and rapid in the centre some three miles distant .-But all were hid from our view by the smoke. We could stand it no longer. My friend Watkin of the Express (N. Y.) and myself determined on a closer and more satisfactory view. By half past 11 we found ourselves with General Schenck and his staff, whose brigade was held in reserve, just on this side of Bull's Run, and inside of one mile of the main battle ground, though hid from the enemy by a forest. We occupied a position which with our glasses gave us a full view of the battle, for at least 44 hours. We saw every charge of the glorious 71st, the 69th, the 14th, the Fire Zouaves, Sherman's Battery, the Connecticut, Massachusetts, Vermont, Michigan, Rhode Island Maine and Minnesota regiments. We were flight (I mean us civilians). Up to that with a loss that could not have exceeded 300 killed. Our boys captured position after position of their murderous masked batteries until we supposed the victory was ours beyond a doubt. We distinctly saw their baggage train in full retreat, and cheered ourselves hoarse at our glorious vicwhich had been pouring a cross fire into our boys on the other side of the Run, was turned upon us and gave us a more practical realization of the terrors of war. Several were killed very near me. I did not

ask permission to leave, or stand upon the penditure for uniforms or arms. The order of my going, but went at once. A marchings, facings and wheelings of comhalf mile's travel placed a heavy forest be pany drill, no inconsiderable part of camp tween me and their murderous shells, but not in season to prevent my being captured take hold of the manual of arms, oak sticks by the enemy's cavelry, who had out flank-ad Schenck's brigade and who were just ed Schenck's brigade and who were just making a dash upon the hospital in front of me. As I emerged from the woods they in our own city, and with the most satisfacdrove us back and made a terrific sweep after the scattered soldiery and ambulance of artillery opened a fire upon them and spent in dulling at here. Every hour they were annihilated-horses riders and in camp, and map prove to be a year saved ers, Wisconsonians and 71st, doggedly held all-not more than six made their escape. double quick time. I left the wads mounted, though I entered on foot. I will exthe disgraceful scene and I will forbear .-considerably elevated above the country intervening between it and the battle ground) I saw our victorious army in ignominious retreat-flight, rout, and no one in pursuit. I felt so outraged at this unaccountable panic that I determined not to leave Centreville until the disgraceful rout had passed on .-When they had all gone on, I left with the reserve brigade, composed of one battalion of artillery, the German Rifles, and the Garibaldi Guards, who marched on to Washington in perfect order-the rear guard of the Grand Army of the Potomac-with no one to pursue save a few scattering horse-

this unexampled, shameful retreat. No

lieve that our loss in killed, wounded and prisoners will reach 1,500. The killed will fall short of 500, and for myself, I do not believe it will reach 300. So much for the first exploit of the army of the Potomac. I await with no little anxiety its further

He adds that the boys he has met since the conflict are eager for another engage

# An Important Law--The Confiscation Bill.

The following is a copy of a very important bill which has passed both Houses of tant bill which has passed both Houses of and a large amount of gun-powder left be Congress and is now a law. It will be seen hind by the enem in their flight. from reading its provisions, that any description of property employed by individuals to promote rebellion against the government of the United States, shall be con-

The last section provides that all slaves to the left of the centre of their lines in sisting the laws, shall be discharged from bondage and set free. This act, when enforced, will strike the rebels a stunning driven by the reels. the hills beyond, and still beyond the long blow. By its provisions millions of prop- Kanawha river a the retreat of Wise. erty are forfeited to the national governstretching each way as far as the eye could see. The scene was most beautiful, and lawfully entitled to their freedom. It is a lawfully entitled to their freedom. It is a the contemplation of the conflict on the just, rightful and necessary law. Read:

surrectionary purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if, States shall have declared by proclamation sorrow so soon, made it anything but pleas- that the laws of the United States are opant to contemplate. We camped with the posed, and the execution thereof obstruct ed, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the usual course of judicial pro ceedings, or by power vested in the marshals by law, any person or persons, his, her or their agent, attorney or employee, shall pur chase or acquire, sell or give, use or employ the same, or suffer the same to be used or employed, in aiding, abetting or promoting such insurrection or resistance to the laws side of Centreville. My party and myself or any person or persons engaged therein; or if any person or persons, being the own iment pass through. The sight was impos-ing and grand in the extreme. The boys use or employment of the same as aforewere in good spirits, and, with us, were all said, all such property is hereby declared to be lawful subject of prize and capture wherever found: and it shall be the duty of the President of the United States to cause the same to be seized, confiscated and con-

SEC. 2. And beit further enacted, That such prizes and capture shall be condemned in the district or circuit court of the United States having jurisdiction of the amount or in admiralty in any district in which the same may be seized, or into which they may be taken and proceedings first instituted. Sec. 3 And be it further enacted, That ney of the United States in which said property may at the time be, may institute the proceeding of condemnation, and in such case they shall be wholly for the benefit of the United States; or any person may file an information with such attorney, in which case the proceedings shall be for the use of such informer and the United States in

equal parts.
Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That wherever any person claiming to be entitled to the service or labor of any other person, under the laws of any state, shall employ such person in aiding or promoting any insurrection, or in resisting the laws of the United States, or shall permit him to be so employed, he shall forfeit all right to such service or labor, and the person labor or service is thus claimed shall be henceforth discharged therefrom, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

### Home Military Organization.

The formidable power of the rebels, as shown at Manassas, should warn the people of the free states that they have dangerous neighbors. If the government succeeds in putting down the rebellion, still, it will be necessary to be prepared for years, to put down occasional outbreaks of the ruffians, their graves. If the rebels succeed in dividing the Union, and set up their slave confederacy, they will quarrel with us and need frequently to feel our military power. They are bad neighbors, who should know that we have power to protect ourselves. In no way can this be done so well as to form our whole population, liable to military duty, into companies, and have them thoroughly drilled. From henceforth we must become a military people, and we ought to begin now, and never allow the military spirit to flag. To do this no one need be taken from his regular employment, but procure a drill master in every town, and form companies.

The Chicago Tribune says :--To inaugurate this movement, and bring it to successful results, there need be no exinstruction, can all be learned without mus kets, and when the company is ready to tory results. Let it be adopted throughout the north-west. We cannot have too many soldiers in times like these, and our soldiers spent in drilling at home is an bour saved n the war.

RASPBERRY AND BLACKBERRY PLANTS. others to escape, and we improved it in The crop of fruit next year will depend much upon the number and vigor of the new shoots grown this season. Persons ig norant of their nature have heed up all the plain when I see you. On reaching Centre-young canes, as so many trespassers. Of ville I found the entire baggage train in ut. course they get no fruit the following year, ter rout. I have no patience to describe as the shoots only bear the second season, and die in the fall. Others, again, allow too many canes to make a weakly growth over which I had just passed (Centreville is crop of fruit. Avoid both extremes, leaving just sufficient strong shoots to keep the patch in a vigorous condition. The oldest planted raspberry roots in the writer's grounds were set fifteen year ago, and they now bear the best, yielding large strong canes which bear abundantly .- American Agriculturalist.

DEATH OF A PIONEER OF THE PRESS. The Sandusky Register announces the death

ern press, having emigrated from New missioners of the two bouses have been in York in 1822, the same year establishing session nearly twenty four hours, on the va-York in 1822, the same year estatonishing the Sandusky Ciarion, which he continued to publish up to the year 1851. In 1828 have finally agreed upon a general bill, Mr. Campbell was elected a member of the which will be reported to morrow morning.

The jatter is an analysis of the continued to the sandta which place he filled for two men, the enemy being so badly cut up that Mr. Campbell was elected a member of the he has not yet scarcely moved this side of state senate, which place he filled for two Bull's Run. I cannot explain the cause of years. He was a man of reserved demean. matter what the newspapers say, do not be seles.

### BY TE EGRAPH.

REPORTED FOITHE DAILY GAZETTE. BY WISCONSIN TATE TELEGRAPH LINE. Office in Uion Pastenger Depot.

# Last Night's Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1. Official dispathes just received from Gen. Cox, commader of the federal forces on the Kanawha river, Va., state that Ka nawha valley is nw free of rebel troops. Cox's rapid pasuit of Wise's forces resalted in the capture of 1000 stand of arms

Wise and his forces were completely

There was no hance for a fight, as the rebels retreated fater than the pursuit could

e made.
The force is tated to be 5000 or 6000. The rebels burnd all the bridges in their retreat. Gen. Cox add that he fully occupied the

valley and that he people are returning to their homes from which they have been Great rejoicing have been made on the

It is rumored hat Gen. Wool is to be im

The latter wil be ordered to co-operate It is reported hat Gen. McCall of Pa., is

to go to Harpers Ferry.
All quiet in the federal camps on the Potomac last night.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 1.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1. Special to Tribune.—Capt. Bowan of the Pawnee has received a letter from Alexandria, stating that the confederates had taken all the upper works off the steamer Page—putsix gans aboard of her, and all the flat boas on the Rappahannock brought over to the Potomac. There are said to be a great many rebels

t Acquia creek. The Pawnee has been ordered to Acquia

reek in consequence. Government has arranged with four manfactories to have 60 rifled cannon turned out per week. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1

Prince Napoeon will be the guest of the rench minister while here.
Mrs. Gen. Geines returned from New Oreans a strong Union woman.

She considers the southern confederacy a failure, and such was the general feeling

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1. SENATE .- Mr. Grimes gave notice that he should introduce a bill declaring the un-constitutionality of the act making retro-cession of a part of the District of Columoia as part of Virginia.

Mr. Saulsbury moved to take up the resolution of inquiry in reference to the state of Delaware. He said Delaware was as loyal as any state in the Union, but persons attempted to make it appear that there were disloyal men there. Motion agreed to.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill making appropriations for fortifications. The bill provides for \$10,000,000. Passed.

Bill to promote the efficiency of the volunteer forces of the United States was tak en up and passed.

Lieut. Burgess of the 7th regiment, and correspondent of the Plaindealer from Bulltown, Va., says Col. Tyler reached there on the 28th, and found the rebels had fled. Tyler advanced to Flat Woods, rebels still fled. Hearing there that Cox had driven Wise from Charlestown, Tyler considered him completely surrounded. LODISVILLE, Aug. 1.

A dispatch from Nashville to the Couri er says McCulloch defeated Siegel in southern Missouri, killing 9,000 and losing 600. office.

The Richmond Inquirer of the 29th says a Pennsylvania regiment has been captured by the confederates. V. K. Stephens, in a card to the Nash-

who will never be entirely subdued until in ville Union, this morning, says Judge Catheir graves. If the rebels succeed in diviat Nashville, no matter what may occur.

### To-Dav's Report.

[Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.]

#### MORNING DESPATCHES. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.

Herald's dispatch.—It is suspected here that the army of the Potomac will not be kept idle so long a time as has been generally predicted. Its reorganization is going on with great rapidity, at farthest a few contained at the present program. weeks will be required, at the present progress to make a forward movement more successful than the last. No doubt is entertained that Gen. McClellan will strike soon as he is prepared without waiting for the weather.

Julius Beneg, a Prussian lieutenant, a naturalized British subject, who was taken

prisoner at Bull's Run, returned here to-night. He does not feel at liberty to give my information except the simple narative of his own adventures. He went upon the battle field on Sunday, in company with Hon. A. B. Ely, and was taken prisoner near the Warrenton bridge, about 6 P. M. He was recognized immediately by Col. Lay, formerly aid to Gen. Scott, now an officer of the rebel army. On Monday evening he was sent into Manassas and placed under guard with other prisoners. He obtained an interview with Beauregard, and was dismissed and furnished with a pass through the lines.

It was his intention to come back by Cen terville, but was advised by Beauregard that the route would be dangerous, and he had better go by way of Richmond and Math-ias Point where he could cross to the Mary-Mr. Beneg was obliged to remain in Rich-

mond until he was furnished by the British vice consul with despatches to Lord Lyons. In that capacity he was allowed to proceed. He reports that Col. Corcoran was not wounded, but in ill health. Mr. Ely is confined in jail; his conduct

on the field, encouraging the soldiers from is state, elicited admiration even from the They admit their loss in killed is about

equal to ours. This admission shows that their loss is three times greater than ours. Mr. Beneg says large numbers of troops are continually pouring into Richmond from the south. Tribune's despatch,-Col. Miles publish-

es a card, and declares he has been made the victim of personal spite. That he directed the movements of his troops on the at that place, on Sunday morning last, of field, and that he never gave some of the the bank controller's office: field, and that he never gave some of the orders attributed to him. He says he has called for a court of inquiry.

Herald's despatch.—The conference commissioners of the two houses have been in missioners of the two houses have been in the many controller works.

Badger State Bank,
Bank of the City of La Kokomo Bank,
Marathon County Ban David Campbell, aged 68 years.

Mr. Campbell was a pioneer settler of called for a court of inquiry.

Herald's despatch.—The conference com-

rious tariff and tax bills before them. They have finally agreed upon a general bill, which will be reported to morrow morning.

They take the house to iff hill. years. He was a man of reserved demean.
or, spotless integrity, and lived a life of quiet, constant usefulness. Peace to his ashes.

They take the house tariff bill, charging a duty on liquors and silks. The latter is an increase of ten per cent. on the Morrill bill.
Brandy an increase of 25 per cent.; other liquors 10 per cent. and wine from the liquors 10 per cent. and wine from the liquors 10 per cent.

50 per cent advance. They adopt the ser ate income bill, with a reduction of from two to three cents on all incomes over \$800 The committee are of the opinion that thi bill will be satisfactory to both houses.

### AFTERNOON DESPATCHES.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 1.
Hundreds of people are coming into thi
state almost daily who have been driver
out of Texas and Arkansas by rebels. They represent that if the federal gover ment would send force and arms to arm th people, more than one half in both state would fight for the Union.

The strength of the Missouri state force south of U.S., is stated to be about 700 including 4,500 Arkansas troops. There are nearly 300 slaves doing milita

ry duty in one of Ben McCulloch's reg St. Louis, Aug. 2

Col. Solomon's regiment and part of Co Seigel's arrived from the southwest yeste

The balance of Siegel's regiment wi probably arrive to day. These troops we be destined here, their time having expire but nearly all of the 2 former regiments w re enlist for the war.

Washington, August 2.

Washington, August 2.
Tribune's special The senate has confirmed the nomination of Capt. Gustavu . Fox, of Mass., heretofore chief clerk the navy department, as assistant secretar of the navy. The place which he vacate is filled by Wm. Faxon, of Conn., who he been the confidential secretary and assis secretary of Mr. Welles. T. H. Fuller,

auditor of the treasury, has resigned.

The secretary of war yesterday directed the commandant of forces at Alexandria, during the present or any future insurrection against the government of the United States, after the President of the United States shall have raised the streams that from this day all slaves now in prison at that post be liberated, and that they be ent. works, and be paid as day laborers in ser-La Mountain made a balloon ascension vice of government. All other slaves es-and could not discover the enemy in any caping hereafter shall be treated in the same manner.

From a trustworthy source, we learn that Col. Cameron was shot by Col. Wade Hamp-

Col. Cameron was snot by Col. Water Hamp-ton, of South Carolina.

Gen. Beauregard's force at Bull's Run was 27,000, which was increased by 8,000 of Johnston's the day before, and by 5,000 nore during the engagement.

WASHINGTON, August 2. Times special.—Official despatches to Gen. Patterson will show that the entire plame for the defeat of our forces at Bull's Run, is due entirely to his neglect of posirive orders. He was directed first to engage and defeat Johnson. Second, if unaole to engage Johnson, to get between him and Manassas, and prevent a junction of his forces with Beauregard. Then if una-ble to fulfill either of these orders, he was to harrass Johnson in front and keep him before Winchester. Fourth, if he could do neither of these things, then he was to nake all haste to Washington and join McDowell as soon as Johnson could join Beauregard. It will be seen that Gen. Patdisregarded each of these orders and that had he obeyed either, he would have prevented the disaster at Bull's Run, and at once have entirely destroyed rebel lion, and rendered the seat of war beyond the confines of Virginia.

#### The Markets.

New York, Angust 2. Flour 5c better, sales 15,060 bbls at 4,00 4,10 for super state, 4,25a4,35 extra state 3,85a4,05 super western, 4,25a4,40 commor to medium extra western. Wheat market 1a2c higher, very good business doing for export. Sales 80,000 bu. at 93a96 north-western club, 94a1,00 Mil. club.

### Bank Comptroller's Report.

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is	Rac & Miss R B bonds, 8s	1,000
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<b>D</b> .	Total\$1	,074,250
· i	Amount of circulation retired since the issue	f state-
a -	ment of June 28, 1861, is	E142,748
_	The whole amount of circulation outstanding	10-UAY
16	Gannad as fallams :	
38	United States 65	0.190
	do 5	3.000
88	do 120,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	000
10		8,000
,,,	do 70	5,000
	Wisconsin 6s79	
B	Iowa 7s 1	3,00J
i-	Minnesats 86	1000 1000
	Indiana 2/48	B UUU
	Inciana 51	4.766
	Michigan 6s18	
ıl.:	Ohio 6s	8,600
r-	California 8g	7,500
. E -	Kentucky ds 2	8,000
	Tennessee 64	
ill	Missouri 6s60	
ill		4,800
đ,	do 6s 4 North Carolina 8s 39	7.600
٠.,	Georgia 7s	7,000
ilĺ	do 6s 2	5 600
	Louisiana 6s 7	9.500
	Lonisiana 5a 1	0.000
	Rac & Mil R R St	8.000
n-	Mil & Wat R R bonds 8s 5	0,000
us'	T	
of	\$3,85	2,890
	Aperie12	1,546 59
ry	Total \$3,97	2.000 80
.68	T0181	9,500 09
88	United States and Free State bonds	
st.	Rentucky bonds.	26,000
	Missouri Secoded States	600,000 899,800
2d	Decouou othical	000,000
		3.852,390
ed	Twenty banker marked A, are quite or nea	rly Dar.
	without having made any considerable change	in thair

52,390 securities. Twelve banks, marked B, have seld all their old accu-rities and having substituted Wisconsin bonds in their

rities and having substituted Wisconsin bonds in their place are now par.

Twenty-one banks, marked C, have sold part of their securities, substituting Wisconsin bonds in their place, or have added Wisconsin bonds to the securities hereitofore held and are quite par or nearly so.

Five banks, marked D, bave become par by returning part of their circulation, &c.

Nine banks have improved their circulation to an amount of 8 per cent or over, under the call of June 3d, by return of circulation or substitution of more valuable bonds.

of total the banks last discredited six have become par and two responded to the 8 per cent call, while the measures to improve the condition of the remaining two, the La Crosse County and the Bodge County banks have not come as yet to maturity.

CIVILIANS ON THE BATTLE-FIELD .- M Tracy, of the Rochester Express, was on the field at the battle of Bull's Run. Before he left Washington, he, with others, called on Gen. Scott to see whether some cue some of the missing civilians. General replied angrily, that they had no business on the field, and they must take their chances with others.

Nor Taken .- For several days much anxiety prevailed in this city by a rumor that Capt. Sam. Wadsworth's company of this city, in Col. Wyman's regiment, at Rolla, Missouri, had been surrounded and taken by the rebels. It causes much satisfaction, the late intelligence that on Sun day evening the boys came home safe and sound, bringing 14 rebel prisoners. A pri vate named Pierce, in this company, acci dentally shot himself, his ramrod being driven through his hand.—Chicago Tribune.

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS AMENDED SUMMONS.

STATE OF WISCONSIN. CKROUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY. notus Burnham against Harriet M. McArthur, widom of Erial McArthur, deceased, and as execution of the

netus Burnham against Harriet M. McArthur, widow of Erial MoArthur, deceased, and as executix of the seate of the said Erial McArthur, deceased, Frederick McArthur, infant heir of Erial McArthur, deceased, John Dixon, and Richard Eddy, and Caroline J. McArthur, Lucinda Johnson, Hirsm Johnson, Henry G. McArthur, Mary McArthur, Alonzo L. McArthur,—McArthur, his wife, Sarah M. George, Thomas George, Roda A. Wight, Josiah W. Wight, and Etien S. Smith.
The State of Wisconsin: To Harriet M. McArthur, widow of Erial McArthur, deceased, Frederick McArthur, deceased, and as executix of the estate of the said Eriel McArthur, deceased, Frederick McArthur, Lucinda Johnson, Hirsm Johnson, Henry G. McArthur, Mary McArthur, Alonzo L. McArthur, George, Rodu A. Wight, Josiah W. Wight, and Ellen S. Smith, the above named defendants.

VOU are hereby summoned and equired to answer and Ellen S. Smith, the above named defendants.

VOU are hereby summoned and required to answer
the complaint in this action, which was filed in the
office of the Circuit Court for Rock county
at the City of Janesville in said county, on the 16th ady
of March, 1861, and of which a copy is herewith served
upon you, and to serve a copy of your nawer to said
complaint on the subscribers, at their office in said City
of Janesville, within ninety days after the service bureof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fall
to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the
plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for relief
demanded in said complaint.—Dated March 15th, 18c1,
BENNETT, CASSODAY & GIBBS,
Attys. for Plaintiff,

## A Girl Wanted,

TO do general the house work of a family in this city.

To one who comes well recommended eight dollars a mouth will be paid. Enquire at this offle. auldif Apples. Peaches and Tomatoes

AT WHOLESALE. AM prepared to furnish to dealers the above Fruits, delivered here, at my store on Main street, as cheap as they can be procured in Chicago.

B. F. PENDLETON. Janesville, July 26th, 1861. jy26dawtf

TAILORS WANTED! 50 TAILORS wented, to work on intitary jackets mcKEY & BRO.

MILITARY TACTICS. Another large invoice of SCOTT'S INFANTRY TACTICS, Hardee's Rifle & Light Infantry Tactics,

Received this day at may14dtf **NEW MUSIC! NEW MUSIC!** 

CAMP Song of the Chicago Irish Brigade, Col. Ells-worth's Requiem March, Sadly the Bolls Toll the Boath of the Hero, My Heart is Like a Silent Lute, Draum on Lillie; Union, God and Liberty; The Reau-tiful Madden Just Over the Way; Mother, the Sing of Heaven; Only Walting, and many other new and popu-lar songs, received this day at the Music Store of D. D. WILLSON. D. D. WILSON. Janesville, July 9th, 1861.

COUNTY COURT OF ROCK COUNTY.

In the matter of the estate of Jerome B Davis, deceased.

O'N reading and filing the petition of John L Rimball, administrator of said estate, representing that he is prepared to settle lide account as such administrator, and praying that a time and place may be fixed for examining and allowing the same, it is ordered that said account be examined by this court, at the office of the judge thereof, in the city of Janesville, on the first Monday of September next, at ten o'clock A M, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks, once in each week, prior to said day, in the Janesville Daily Gazette, a daily newspaper published in said city.—Dated July 28th, 1861.

By the court, AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT OF ROCK COUNTY.

In the matter of the cate of Hulda Page, deceased.

On this 18th day of July, A D 1861, upon reading and filing the petition of Lucius H Page, son of said deceased, stating that sho, late a resident of the town of Union, in the country of Rock and state of Wisconsin, died intestate on or about the 18th day of April, 1890, and praying that Henry Bigelow may be uppointed administrator of the estate of said deceased; it is ordered that said application be heard before the said court, at the office of the judge thereot, in the city of Janesville, at the first Monday of September next, at 10 olnock At, and it is further ordered, that notice of said depth at the order of the successive weeks, once in each week, prior to said hearing, in the Weekly disactes and Free Press, a newspaper printed and published in said city. 48w3 AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT OF ROCK COUNTY.

In the matter of the Guardianship of the Minor Heirs of James Martin, deceased.

of James Martin, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Lucy Martin, guardian of said minors, representing that they are seized of certain real estate in this county, and that it is expedient that a part of the same chould be sold, and praying for a license to sell the same, and it appearing to this cent from said petition that it would be beneficial to said minors to sell a portion of said real estate, it is ordered that the next of kin to said minors and all persons interested in said estate appear before this court, at the office of the judge thread, in the city Janesville, in said county, on the nineteenth day of August next, at one o'clock P M, (which time is hereby appointed for holding this court) thee and there to show cause why a licenes should not be granted for the said of said real estate, according to the prayer of said pointion; and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published for at least three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Weskly Gazette and Free Press, a weekly newspaper published at said city.—Inted July 19th, 1861.

By the county Judge.

WARRANTEE DEEDS 1908 SALE.

WARRANTER DEEDS FOR SALE.

SPECIAL NOTICES ECHLIN & FOOTE,

Merchant Tailors, READY-MADE CLOTHING. and

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Went Milwaukee St., two doors East of Centrel Bank,

Janesvillo,

CUSTOM WORK

Done in a superior manner, and in the most approved style.

Real Estate and Insurance AGENCY.

The undersigned will, from and after this date, give his attention to the business of BUYING, BELLING AND RENTING FARMS, FARMING LANDS

CITY PROPERTY!

Those wishing to Muy, Sen. T. DIM GOK, requested to call.

E. L. DIM GOK,

Real Estate and Insurance Agent.

Taxes Paid and Abstracts of Title furnished.

sopl3dawti

### Dentistry.

M. B. Johnson still continues the practice of Dentistry at his new location, West Milwaukee street, over Moseley & Bro's Bookstore, Janesville, Wis. He is now manufacturing artificial Dentures on Fulcanism Rubber Base. This substance has been thoroughly very strong and light, and is worn with greater case ed at a price which places it within he reach of all your Gum Work, which is superior to all others. gether with all other styles of work now in use. mar28dawtf

### DENTAL CARD.

B. F. Pendleton, ics, and continues to operate in his profession in alldepartments. In those cases requiring surgical treat ment, his large experience affords the best guaranty that they will be carefully and skilfully attended. In me chanical and artistic dentistry, all work will be well done and in the best mode, and (where customary with the profession,) warranted.
D. FRANK STRONG, who has been with Dr. P. during

the past five years, still ramains, and one or both may e found at the office during all business bours. Office, as heretofore, in Hutson's block, next door to McKey & Bro's. Hours, in summer and fall, from 7. t. to 7½ and 8 p. m. Janesville, July 18, 1860.

SLOAN, PATTEN & BAILEY. attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Main street. AL business entrusted to our care will receive prempt attention. L. F. Patten, Commissioner for the Stat of New York. jyl7dawir.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT

BANK OF IRELAND c. Grimshaw & co., Liverpool, Available in any part of Great Britain. Also,

PASSAGE CERTIFICATES BLACK STAR LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

for sale by A. PALMER, Janesville,

#### Chas. Pulker, GENERAL AUCTIONEER

Commission Merchant, CASH ADVANCED ON MERCHANDIZE

of every description.

Particular Attention Given to the sale of all kinds of property at my
AUCTION ROOMS. or in any part of the country.
July 1st, 1861.

jySdawtf

Frosh Arrival SUMMER COODS!

WHEELOOK'S PRUIT JARS. None on hand except those kinds that were proved to be good, by use, last year, This large lot was bough chean and will be

SOLD CHEAP. Also, just received a fresh lot of ppies. Spiced and Cove Oysters,

ers, Clams, Sardines, Fresh Peaches, Pickies, Raspberry, Lemon & a variety of Syrape Janesville, June 18th, 1861.

TO FAMILIES. DOUB & ROGERS wish to call the attention of the citizens of Janesville and vicinity to the fact that they are browing at the Janesville City Browery for the use of private families, a very superior article of

Ale and Lager Beer. which they will deliver at the residences of persons or tering it. They guarantee in all cases a Perfectly Pure Article. and ask the patronage of those who are willing to sur tain an establishment at home, where as good or a bet ter axticle can be procured as from abroad, geddf BUOD & ROGERS.

Union Envelopes! A VERY Large supply of Envelopes, with the Flag of our Union beautifully printed on them, may be found at [ap24dtf] DEARBORN'S.

WAR! WAR! Gold against Stumptail Currency.

THE HIGHEST PRICE IN Gold or Silver for all kinds of uncurrent money will be paid at VALKENBURGH'S EXCHANGE OFFICE. Next Door to the Post Office.

1861 - - - 1861 MERCHANTS! DESPATCH FAST FREIGHT LINE! American Express Co.. - - Proprietors. FROM NEW YORK AND BOSTON

TO THE WEST AND SOUTH-WEST.

TO THE WEST AND SOUTH-WEST.

TO RYALDS goods at a more expeditions rate than any line running west except the regular Express of Forwarding bills, covering the entire route from New York and Boston, will be given at 15 Murray st., New York, and 69 Washington street, Boston.

Mark all packages

"MERCHANTS' DESPATCHI" me humania we have a ten and thomas are deliver at depot, corner of Hudson and Thomas streets, New York, and Western R. R., Boston, Mass. General office in Old Freight Depot of Lake Shore R. R., Buffalo.

J. W. NIOROLS, Agent,
At the office of the Am. Ex. Co., Janeeville, Wis.

TO THE LADIES. Great Bargains in Millinery!

MRS. O'DEA & SISTER are now selling off their large stock of new and fashionable Summer Great Sacrifice.

BONNETS GIVEN AWAY

A variety of Wedding and Mourning Hats aways roady.

Dresses, Mantillas, &c., cat and made to order. The newest paper dress patterns for asic, and old bonness cleaned, slunged lined and trimmed in a superior manner for four shillings each.

Warerooms, Young America block, (over Harwi's clothing store,) Main street, Janesville, Wis.

The bills of the following banks will be received for milinery, at part Bank of Portage, Bank of Columbus, Bank of Wenpun, Green Bay Bank, P. R. Hickley & Co., Dodge County Bank, Itothern Bank, Howard, Wisconsin Pinery Bank, La Crosse County Bank, Bank of Kenoelia, &c., &c.

Blacksmith's Coal. ton, (by the ton.) and other cosl proportionably low. Our cosl is warranted to be A No.1.

LAWRENON & ATWOOD.

Japesville, May 19, 1880.